

Note: 6/27/12 – Admin change to correct job title from Facility Coordinator to Facility Manager Coordinator and correct corresponding acronyms. Changed 3.4.6x from annual self to periodic inspections.

Kennedy NASA Procedural Requirements

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FACILITY ASSET MANAGEMENT PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS

National Aeronautics and
Space Administration

John F. Kennedy Space Center

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Preface

P.1 PURPOSE

This directive defines requirements, functions, and procedures; assigns responsibilities; and provides definitions for the overall asset management of Kennedy Space Center (KSC) real property.

P.2 APPLICABILITY

- a. This KNPR applies to all KSC organizational elements.
- b. In this KNPR, all mandatory actions (i.e., requirements) are denoted by statements containing the term “shall.” The terms: “may” or “can” denotes discretionary privilege or permission, “should” denotes a good practice and is recommended, but not required, “will” denotes expected outcome, and “are/is” denotes descriptive material.

P.3 AUTHORITY

- a. [NPD 8800.14, Policy for Real Estate Management](#)
- b. [NPR 8800.15, Real Estate Management Program Implementation Manual](#)

P.4 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

- a. [Executive Order \(EO\) 13327, Federal Real Property Asset Management](#)
- b. [NPD 4100.1, Supply Support and Material Management Policy](#)
- c. [NPR 1441.1, NASA Records Retention Schedule](#)
- d. [NPR 4100.1, NASA Materials Inventory Management Manual](#)
- e. [NPR 8810.1, Master Planning Procedural Requirements](#)
- f. [KNPD 8830.2, Prohibited Contractor Corporate Use of KSC Owned and Managed Space](#)
- g. [KNPR 1600.1, KSC Security Procedural Requirements](#)
- h. [NASA FAR Supplement \(NFS\) 1845.7210, Contractor Utilization of Government Property](#)
- i. [KDP-KSC-P-1295, Processing of KSC Real Property Asset and Services](#)
- j. [KDP-KSC-P-1304, KSC Space Allocation and Utilization Process](#)
- k. [KDP-KSC-P-1311, Space Modification and Move Process](#)
- l. [KDP-KSC-P-3253, KSC Facility Turn in/Turn Over Process](#)
- m. [KDP-KSC-P-3711, Accountability of Real Property](#)
- n. [KDP-KSC-P-3721, Assigned Parking Process](#)
- o. [KDP-KSC-P-1303, Site Planning](#)
- p. [KSC-DES-0062, Designation of Real Property Accountable Officer](#)
- q. [KSC-DES-0063, Designation of Facilities Utilization Officer](#)
- r. [C-0013, Facilities Utilization Working Group](#)
- s. [KCA-1649, Interagency Agreement Between the NASA KSC and U.S. Department of Interior, Fish and Wildlife Services \(FWS\) for Use and Management of Property at NASA KSC Known as The Merritt Island National Wildlife Refuge](#)
- t. [KDP-P-3235, Land Withdrawal from FWS to Support NASA Missions](#)

P.5 SUPERSESSION

This document supersedes KNPR 8830.1, Rev A-1, Facilities and Real Property Management Procedural Requirements, dated October 22, 2009.

Original signed by Nancy P. Bray for

Michael J. Benik
Director, Center Operations

PROCEDURES

CHAPTER 1. Facility Asset Management

1.1 Goals

1.1.1 KSC supports its programs and workforce through excellence in real property management and by ensuring its real property assets meet Agency goals. KSC also provides appropriate stewardship of these assets to achieve the best value for the government. The Center strives to identify and develop innovative real property management solutions and to construct and operate only the real property required to conduct National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) programs, maintain its core capabilities, and meet national responsibilities. The Center identifies, plans, and implements options to eliminate underutilized and unutilized real property through either demolition or public and private partnerships, utilizing out-grants and other real property instruments.

1.1.2 KSC adheres to the agency real property asset management goals as identified in the [NASA Real Property Management Plan \(RPMP\)](#) and the [NASA Real Property Asset Management Plan \(AMP\)](#) as required by [EO 13327](#), Federal Real Property Asset Management. KSC embraces the principles of the Federal Real Property Council established by [EO 13327](#).

1.1.3 KSC effectively manages and optimizes real property assets, investments, operations, and disposal actions; and related decisions are integrated with and supportive of core mission activities.

1.2 Objectives

1.2.1 KSC adheres to the objectives of the agency as identified in the [AMP](#).

1.3 Responsibilities

1.3.1 The KSC Center Director (CD) is responsible for:

- a. Managing KSC real property in accordance with [NPR 8800.15](#). The CD may delegate this authority, in writing, to two senior managers.
- b. Designating a Real Property Accountable Officer (RPAO) (see [KSC-DES-0062](#)).
- c. Designating a Facilities Utilization Officer (FUO) (see [KSC-DES-0063](#)).

1.3.2 The Director, Center Operations, is responsible for chairing the [Facility Management Board](#) (FMB).

1.3.3 Heads of KSC Directorates are responsible for assigning a Directorate Facility Utilization Manager (DFUM).

- a. The DFUM is responsible for representing, coordinating, and managing organizational interests in space utilization issues.

1.3.4 The RPAO is responsible for:

- a. Real property accountability, including the recording and reporting of the NASA real property inventory and management of real property records in accordance with [NPR 1441.1](#).
- b. Planning, directing, coordinating and managing the activities of all the Center's real property including signing real property records and agreements.

1.3.5 The FUAO is responsible for:

- a. Planning, managing, and accounting for tenancy of all office, warehouse, technical, and associated special purpose space in all facilities and trailers classified as KSC real property. This includes making assignments, reassignments, and coordinating with DFUMs prior to withdrawing assignment of space that is vacant, not properly utilized, or not justified.
- b. Implementing space utilization standards and dispositioning deviation requests. In the event a deviation request is not approved by the FUAO, any customer request for reconsideration shall be coordinated with the chief of the Facility Management Branch.

CHAPTER 2. FMB

- a. The FMB establishes policies, procedures, and standards for physical space requirements and center development based on [NPD 8800.14](#) and [NPR 8800.15](#). The FMB Website is located at <http://fmb.ksc.nasa.gov/>.
- b. The FMB shall serve as the Center facility planning, communication, assessment, and approval body for facility asset management issues.
- c. All new, modified, or changing facility asset requirements shall be vetted through the FMB. Unresolved issues will be forwarded to the Kennedy Institutional Management Council (KIMC) or the Kennedy Strategic Management Council (KSMC), as appropriate, for resolution.

CHAPTER 3. Asset Planning & Management

3.1 Master Planning

- a. The principles of master planning, and the control and format of the Master Plan, are detailed in [NPR 8810.1](#). Initiation and administration of master planning is in accordance with [NPR 8800.15](#).
- b. KSC shall update the Capital Improvement Program Plan annually.
- c. The Master Plan is the basic point of reference for review and approval of specific projects as a part of the normal budget formulation and execution process.

d. Area Plans are a subset of the Master Plan and shall be in alignment with the Master Plan, vetted by the Master Planner and approved by the CD, prior to official release for any purpose.

3.2 Real Property

a. Real Property is managed in accordance with [NPD 8810.14](#), [NPR 8810.15](#), [KDP-KSC-P-3711](#), [KDP-KSC-P-3253](#), and [KDP-KSC-P-1295](#).

b. Copies of all documents pertaining to real property transactions, such as acquisitions, disposals, leases, and permits shall be included in the real property records. The real property records are maintained and managed by the KSC RPAO. All NASA real property information and transactions are documented and maintained in the Real Property Management System (RPMS).

c. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) manages NASA KSC property known as the Merritt Island National Wildlife Refuge. All land required to support NASA's space-related missions shall be withdrawn from the FWS in accordance with [KCA-1649](#) and [KDP-P-3235](#) shifting the operational responsibility to NASA. Public Law 93-626, approved January 3, 1975, (88 Stat. 2121) established the Canaveral National Seashore, Florida, consisting of some 67,500 acres on KSC property, and ensured that the refuge, although within the boundary of the seashore, will continue to be administered as part of the National Wildlife Refuge System.

3.3 Site Planning

3.3.1 Site planning shall be managed in accordance with [KDP-KSC-P-1303](#).

3.3.2 Facility site requests shall be reviewed by the RPAO and Master Planner for conformance to KSC policy and the Master Plan. The NASA Site Planner will provide final approval after concurrence from RPAO, KSC Master Planning, Safety, Environmental Health, Security, Fire, and Facilities representatives.

3.4 Facility Management Program (FMP)

3.4.1 The FMP establishes the framework upon which NASA operates and maintains its facilities and associated utility, transport, and communication systems in a manner that provides the most safe, suitable, and productive environment for employees supporting normal operations and contingencies.

3.4.2 The FMP encompasses facilities, adjacent buildings and structures, parking areas, common areas and exterior surroundings. The program will also provide for a single point of contact for occupants regarding general facility issues.

3.4.3 The FMP shall be operated under the cognizance of the FMB and be organized and managed in the following manner:

a. The Facility Program Manager (FPM) shall provide guidance and oversight for the program.

b. Facility Manager Coordinators (FMC) shall be assigned by tenant program or major institutional functional area with oversight of entire programmatic or institutionally assigned facilities, integrating activity with the FPM and individual building facility managers.

c. Facility Managers (FM) shall be assigned management of specific facilities and integrate activity with the corresponding FMC and FPM as required.

3.4.4 The FPM shall:

- a. Develop policy and procedures for the FM program.
- b. Provide guidance and oversight for the FM program.
- c. Act as the Center's interface to external entities for the FM program.
- d. Collaborate with the Planning and Integration Branch and the Institutional Facilities and Infrastructure Branch to formulate plans for additions, alterations, and replacements, as well as operations and maintenance projects.
- e. Disseminate the approved, prioritized schedule for facility projects by fiscal year as determined by the local authority projects manager.
- f. Coordinate the development, implementation, and monitoring of a facility safety program with KSC institutional safety representatives.

3.4.5 The FMC shall:

- a. Disseminate programmatic or institutional facility information for assigned areas of responsibility to individual facility managers.
- b. Coordinate known or projected facility project requirements for additions, alterations, replacement, or maintenance with individual FMs. Convey this information in a prioritized manner to the FPM.
- c. Oversee schedule for facility projects by fiscal year as relayed by the FPM.
- d. Ensure compliance of policy and procedures in assigned facility assets.
- e. Coordinate with all FMs to ensure there are processes in place for safe access to assigned facilities.
- f. Collect and evaluate hazard and safety practice information so the KSC institutional safety representatives and the FM can address pertinent safety management issues.

3.4.6 The FMs shall:

- a. Serve as the facility point of contact to call job orders into the Institutional Services Contract (ISC) Work Control or Duty Office regarding facility or ground maintenance issues. After duty hours the occupants should contact the Duty Office. The Duty Office will contact the facility manager when there is a facility related issue that may impact the occupants (e.g. power

outage, loss of HVAC, etc.). Report any issues to the NASA FC as applicable.

b. Maintain awareness of facility conditions, configuration, and operations and coordinate with FMC or FPM, as required, to ensure the following expectations are met:

(1) Life Safety: Facility systems shall function reliably, safely, and meet applicable codes and standards. Life safety policies and requirements protect occupants and visitors against undue risk of fire or other hazards.

(2) Safety and Resource Protection: The facility shall be operated and maintained to provide a safe environment for visitors and occupants.

(3) Functionality & Professional Environment: People and equipment will have adequate and efficiently designed space. Personnel shall have convenient physical access to facilities in accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) standards. The interior and exterior appearance should be aesthetically pleasing and enable the occupants to deliver high quality service. Exterior landscaping should be attractive and kept neatly trimmed and clean.

(4) Operation and Maintenance: The physical plant will be properly operated, repaired, and maintained. This includes preventive maintenance, repair, alteration, and replacement of the buildings and associated utility systems. Also, the facility will be operated and maintained in a manner that conserves resources, prevents contamination of the surrounding environment, and prevents injury to visitors or occupants.

(5) Engineering & Documentation: A copy of the documentation that meets regulatory and accreditation requirements, as well as the administrative needs of the FM program will be maintained. The FM should also have copies of the drawings (or documents) that show the locations of fire protection features in the facility. Official documents will be maintained by the Engineering Documentation Center.

c. Disseminate the center developed fire protection and evacuation plans to facility occupants and visitors.

d. Ensure adequate signs are located in the interior and exterior of the facility for emergency evacuation or event.

e. Meet the Emergency Incident Commander in a designated location during any emergency evacuation or event.

f. Coordinate the use of an alternate facility, if the primary facility is unusable, with the DFUM and FUO.

g. Report thefts and security protection problems.

h. Ensure that authorized access controls to the facility are properly established and maintained.

i. Coordinate all after-hours activities through the Institutional Services Contractor (ISC) Duty Office.

j. Respond to on-call emergencies and other after-hours facility requirements.

- k. Provide appropriate warning signs for access to roof in accordance with [KNPR 8715.3](#).
- l. Report all occupant carelessness to the appropriate supervisor or security.
- m. Follow up on any mishap or incident report associated with assigned facility and report monthly status to FMC, noting specific lessons learned.
- n. Ensure the distribution of recall and hazard alert notices. Notify management to ensure personnel follow the recommended procedures and document any required corrections.
- o. Identify and take corrective action for environmental health hazards in common areas.
- p. Communicate with environmental health on safety issues and ask for technical advice when necessary.
- q. Maintain a copy of safety reference materials that include appropriate National Fire Protection Agency guidance, NASA safety regulations, and local safety policies. The Center Institutional Safety Branch will provide any reference materials needed.
- r. Ensure that posters providing NASA Safety Reporting System (NSRS) information and pamphlets are prominently displayed in facilities and provide their locations to the KSC NSRS Representative. Ensure that NSRS pamphlets are present in all poster dispensers.
- s. Provide inputs for the development and prioritization of facility project additions, alterations, or maintenance for incorporation into the integrated submittal to the NASA FMC.
- t. Participate in FM integration meetings as required by NASA FMC or the FPM.
- u. Ensure ADA compliance and report non-compliance to the NASA FMC and Disability Awareness and Action Working Group.
- v. Ensure compliance with space utilization standards and report noncompliance to the NASA FUO and the DFUM for resolution.
- w. Maintain cognizance of contract requirements for facility preventive maintenance and other services implemented for assigned facilities. If corrective actions are required, work with appropriate institutional contractor. If issue cannot be resolved contact appropriate NASA Functional Manager.
- x. Perform periodic inspections to ensure that the facility is being maintained and operated in a safe manner.
- y. Review the ISC work order reports, job reports, and contract reports for the facility to monitor the status of all requests. Follow up with ISC where appropriate.
- z. Evaluate plans for all outages of any or all utilities. Coordinate with facility occupants.

aa. Serve as the focal point for coordination and planning of all audits, surveys, and scheduled inspections on assigned facilities, and lead the resolution of all corrective actions. At a minimum, all KSC facilities shall receive an annual safety and fire survey or audit. However, KSC operations that require a review by industrial hygienists or health physicists may be audited more frequently.

bb. Coordinate any required special or unscheduled inspections. Unscheduled or special inspections are conducted when the assigned inspector determines that they are necessary. This determination would occur when any operation or activity warrants immediate or special attention, which cannot be delayed until the next regularly scheduled inspection. Special operations involving manned flight support and tests where a high hazard potential exists are examples of activities that could warrant an unscheduled or special inspection. These inspections may be performed at any time by NASA safety, fire, environmental, health, FM or FMC, etc.

cc. Intervene as warranted when conditions pose an immediate threat to life or health or pose a threat of damage to equipment or facilities. The FMC should immediately notify the FPM when such a condition exists. The FPM will notify senior management.

CHAPTER 4. Physical Facility Management

4.1 Signs

4.1.1 Facility Identification

a. Facility number identification shall be used at any building or facility included in the KSC real property records.

b. Way finding signs shall be used to identify facilities or areas which require frequent visitation by personnel other than the employees normally working at that location. Examples are: Dispensary, Locksmith, Supply, Shipping and Receiving, Security, and Pass and Identification.

c. Facility signs will not show the company name or logo of any NASA support contractor. Signs identifying other Government agencies, which utilize facilities within KSC, shall conform to this chapter. KSC Visitors Complex signs are exempt from facility sign requirements. Signage requirements for this facility are to be approved by the Director of External Relations. KSC Press Site must conform to the KSC sign requirements for building numbers. However, the press may include affiliation logos to aid visitors in finding the proper location. The NASA Press Site Manager must approve the size and location of affiliation logos.

d. Facilities that are entirely out-granted to a commercial entity and are commercially funded are eligible to display company logos after approval from the RPAO, the Master Planner and the FMB. The out-grant agreement (e.g. lease, enhanced use lease, Space Act Agreement, etc.) shall document the provision and condition for such signage.

4.1.2 Street Name Signs

a. Street name signs shall indicate the name identification of the street as shown on the currently approved [KSC Facilities Master Plan](#).

b. Street name signs and posts shall be positioned at each intersection, mounted with their faces parallel to the streets they name, as close to the corner as practical and where they can easily be seen by motorists and pedestrians. Two assemblies (signs and posts) are required at cross streets on diagonally opposite corners. At other intersections, one assembly is required.

4.1.3 Traffic Control and Roadway Signs

a. Traffic control signs shall be located and positioned in accordance with the [Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices](#) established by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration.

b. The number of traffic control signs shall be limited to the minimum essential for the safe and orderly direction and control of traffic.

c. No other signs shall be installed that conflict with or obscure any traffic control sign.

d. All support requests for roadside or median signs shall be submitted to ISC Work Control.

4.1.4 Construction Contractor Signs

a. Construction contractor signs shall be located as directed by the Contracting Officer.

b. All construction contractor signs shall be reviewed and approved by the Center Operations Construction Management Branch prior to installation.

c. Construction contractor signs shall be furnished, erected, maintained, and removed by the construction contractor without cost to the Government.

d. The mounting, location, and erection of construction contractor signs shall be in accordance with requirements set forth in the contract for the specific project.

e. Contractors and their major subcontractors shall erect signs to identify their trailers or construction offices.

f. To facilitate deliveries made to construction sites, construction contractors may erect directional signs alongside KSC's main thoroughfares. Directional signs shall be removed as soon as they are no longer required.

4.2 Physical Space Management

4.2.1 Administrative Space

a. Physical space management shall be in compliance with [NPR 8810.15](#), [KDP-KSC-P-1304](#), [KDP-KSC-P-1311](#), and [C-0013](#). This requirement applies to all organizations occupying KSC-accountable Real Property regardless of its location.

b. KSC shall utilize the open office concept. There will be limited wall separations between work groups and no private offices except for supervisors, GS-15's, or personnel leads designated as such in their position descriptions (i.e. approved by KSC human resources as team or work leads). Office work space assignments shall be in accordance with the

Average Workstation Square Footage table. Office cubical paneling (less than 68 inches high per fire code for 36 inch wide aisles) is permitted.

c. Existing walls that do not conform to approved space standards will be removed as personnel relocations, moves, and facility modifications occur. The FMB Chair approves exceptions to this rule.

d. Administrative space standards for KSC are:

Average Workstation Square Footage

Position	Range of Office Size Square Feet
PRIVATE OFFICES	
Heads of Primary NASA & Contractor Orgs.	150 – 360
Deputy Heads of Primary NASA & Contractor Orgs	150 – 300
Associate Director of Primary NASA & Contractor Orgs.	110 – 190
Chiefs of Division/Office, Subcontractor Dept. Heads	110 – 190
Branch Chiefs, Supervisors and Technical Assistants to Directors	110 – 190
Leads, Non Supervisors (GS-15)	90 – 120
Any other private office	90 - 110
NON-PRIVATE OFFICES	
Secretaries to Senior Managers and Division/Office Chiefs	120 – 140
Secretaries to Branch Chiefs or Supervisors	70 – 90
General Staff	70 – 90

e. Contractor and tenant personnel office space shall be assigned based on positions equivalent to the civil service positions defined above. Assignment of private office space for personnel not listed above, or for office sizes larger than listed above, will be submitted in writing by the head of a primary organization to the FMB for approval.

f. Whenever possible, support services (e.g. mailroom, libraries, credit union, etc.) shall be placed on the first floor of a building.

g. Corporate space is prohibited on KSC per [KNPD 8830.2](#).

h. Total office space will be allocated on the basis of a targeted overall KSC and Directorate maximum average of 125 square feet per person (including year-round positions such as co-ops, students, and visiting professors). The 125 square feet per person includes all desked office personnel, personal desktop computers, printers, terminals, bookcases, desks, tables, filing cabinets, copier and FAX machines, refrigerators, office entrances, access and circulation areas. An exception is made for all executive office suites for the Center Director, heads of primary NASA and contractor organizations, deputy heads of primary NASA and contractor organizations, and executive secretary reception areas and suite entries for the Center Director and heads of primary NASA and contractor organizations. In these cases, the executive suite is not counted in the average. The minimum cubicle or office size shall be 50 square feet.

4.2.2 Conference Rooms

a. Conference space is a center asset and shall be visible and reservable via the center global calendar. Center Operations may assign conference space to specific organizations as primary users and managers of the space.

(1) Center and directorate recurring meetings have priority for conference scheduling, followed by multi-directorate and center-driven meetings.

(2) If relocation of a previously scheduled meeting is required, the primary assigner should find an alternative conference space for the displaced meeting. If the primary assigner is not displacing the original scheduled meeting, then the displacing entity will find an alternative conference space for the displaced meeting.

b. Any conference space not accessible on the KSC global calendar shall be subject to return to the center space bank for reassignment.

c. Conference space shall not be incorporated into an organization's space utilization data.

4.2.3 Storage and Warehouse Space

a. Inventory and retention of NASA materials inventory shall be in accordance with [NPR 4100.1](#), [NPD 4100.1](#), and [NASA FAR Supplement \(NFS\) 1845.7210](#).

b. DFUMs shall notify the FUO when use, disposal or excess of property liberates storage or warehouse space for reassignment by the FMB.

4.3 Facility Numbering Standards

4.3.1 Facility Room Numbering

a. The ISC Site Services Branch shall be included in the design process for new facilities and facility modifications within existing facilities, and will assign numbering or review and approve altered numbering schemas by no later than the 60% design review and prior to fire alarm programming and installation of signage.

b. Any configuration changes since the last approved numbering schema must be evaluated and reapproved by the ISC Site Services Branch.

c. Door number assignments shall follow one of two basic number formats:

(1) For Facilities less than 5,000 square feet per floor, a three-position number plus up to a two-position qualifier will be assigned. No single or double digit door numbers are permitted.

(2) For Facilities 5,000 square feet or greater, a four-position number plus up to a two-position qualifier will be assigned.

(3) If higher than a nine-story facility, a five-position number plus up to a two-position qualifier will be assigned.

Example #1: 123A1	Example #2: 1234A1
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First number (1) indicates floor. • Next two numbers (23) indicate the ninety-nine (99) possible whole numbers per floor. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First number (1) indicates floor. • Next number (2) represents wing. If only one wing, use zero (0).
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Next character (A) is the first of a two position qualifier that represents a sub room or cubical designation within a main room off a hall. NOT to be used for exterior or main doors off a hallway. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Next two numbers (34) indicate the ninety-nine (99) possible whole numbers per wing/floor.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Last number (1) is only used to define a double, triple or quad cubical or larger. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Next character (A) is the first of a two position qualifier that represents a sub room or cubical designation within a main room off a hall. NOT to be used for exterior doors or main doors off a hallway.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Last number/qualifier (1) is only used to define a double, triple or quad cubical or larger.

b. Whole door numbers will be assigned to every exterior and interior door off a main corridor or hallway beginning at or near the main entrance of a facility. Even numbering should be used on one side of a hall and odd on the other side.

c. Each door receives a unique number even if more than one door enters into a single room.

d. Door numbers using an alpha extension or suffix will be used only within a main room. Doors off a public hallway should not be assigned an alpha extension.

(1) The alpha characters "I" and "O" shall not be used.

(2) All interior rooms, including floor-to-ceiling rooms, landscape partitions (cubicles), and Logan-wire-fence areas shall be numbered using an alpha character.

(3) If a landscape partition area numbered with an alpha extension is divided into double, triple or quad cubicles the group shall be numbered left-to-right with an additional numerical extension beginning with one (1), e.g. 234A1.

e. Door numbers should follow a logical path throughout the facility being numbered. Within this logical path, no number should be greater on one side of a hall than the next number on the opposite side of the hall.

f. To accommodate future modifications or to keep in sync with vertical stacking for multi story facilities while numbering hallway doors, allow spacing by skipping one or more numbers for instances of long distances between doors/rooms. A helpful rule-of-thumb is to allow for a number every 10 to 15 linear feet. This same principal shall also apply to interior spaces within large rooms.

g. When assigning door numbers to multi-story facilities, doors of vertically stacked areas, such as stairs, elevators, electrical/mechanical rooms, restrooms, and mezzanines, are to retain the same number with only the first digit changing to reflect the floor (e.g. 1230, 2230 , 3230 etc).

h. KSC complies with the Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS). New door numbers for doors only off the main corridor shall meet the UFAS. UFAS section 4.30 applies to building signage. The UFAS WEB site is:
<http://www.access-board.gov/ufas/ufas-html/ufas.htm>

4.3.2 Stairwell Labeling

a. In multi-story facilities, stairwells shall be referenced and labeled by an alphabetical letter, starting at the commonly known front of the building and proceeding clockwise around the facility. Such designations are important for evacuation plans, fire and security tactical operations, fire suppression equipment locations, etc.

(1) Examples: Stair A, Stair B, Stair C, etc. The alpha characters "I", "O", and "M" shall not be used.

b. Alphabetical stair designations do not replace any room number; they are an additional designation for the entire stairway.

c. Signage must comply with Life Safety Code, NFPA 101, Section 7.2.2.5.4, latest edition. Alphabetical stairway designations will be shown on plan views for all floors.

d. Exceptions to the alphabetical designation are possible but restricted to preexisting and previously properly labeled stairways (including posted signage) already in compliance with NFPA 101 and with the NASA Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) concurrence.

4.3.3 Building Numbering

a. The real property numbering system is based on the Rand McNally Grid System. An overlay has been designed to be used in conjunction with the Facilities Master Plan. The grid blocks are numbered numerically north and south, and alphabetically east and west.

b. Numbers placed on buildings and facilities should be 6 inches in height and be placed approximately 5 feet above the ground.

(1) For uneven, textured buildings, numbers should be painted on metal sign blanks and attached to the building wall.

(2) Numbers on facilities with smooth textured walls should be affixed with spray paint.

c. The numbers shall be placed on the front right corner or be viewable upon approach to the facility.

d. A facility number will be assigned after construction has begun.

4.3.4 Trailer Numbering

a. The following system of numbers shall be used to identify trailers:

(1) NASA-owned multi-wide trailers	TRM-XXX
(2) NASA-owned trailers	TR1-XXX
(3) NASA-leased trailers	TR2-XXX
(4) Other-Government-Agency-owned trailers	TR3-XXX
(5) Other-Government-Agency-leased trailers	TR4-XXX
(6) Construction or Contractor-owned trailers	TR5-XXX
(7) Contractor-leased trailers	TR6-XXX

b. Numbers placed on trailers will be 6 inches in height and be placed 5 feet from the trailer bottom.

c. The identifying number shall be placed on both the front and back of the trailer.

4.4 Reserved Parking Assignment

4.4.1 Reserved parking assignment is in accordance with [KDP-KSC-P-3721](#). Enforcement is performed in accordance with [KNPR 1600.1](#).

4.4.2 The parking assignment process addresses both Government-owned (GOV) and privately-owned vehicles (POV), including car pools, senior management, and ADA requirements.

4.5 Designation of O&M and Sustaining Engineering Responsibilities

4.5.1 Turnover of O&M and sustaining engineering responsibility for facilities, systems, and collateral equipment primarily occurs following construction or modification by the Construction of Facilities Program or other contract authority, or transition from one contract to another.

4.5.2 General provisions

a. Turnover of O&M and sustaining engineering responsibility for facilities, systems, and collateral equipment shall be recorded on [KSC Form 21-136](#), *Turnover of O&M and Sustaining Engineering Responsibility for KSC Facilities, Systems, and Equipment*. The [KSC Form 21-136](#) documents the contract or government entity responsible for performing these services on the specified systems or equipment. The [KSC Form 21-136](#) is not intended to address the O&M funding responsibility which needs to be separately negotiated through the NASA budget process between the transferring and receiving organizations.

b. Determination of O&M responsibility should be jointly discussed and confirmed between the cognizant directorate and Center Operations prior to initiation of turnover action.

(1) Final determination of O&M responsibility will be made no later than the completion of the final design or construction contract request for proposals.

(2) Further, the cognizant O&M organization shall be made aware of all design changes made during construction.

(3) If the discussion reveals split O&M responsibility, each responsible directorate shall identify its respective areas of responsibility in writing to Center Operations.

(4) The transferring directorate shall provide a separate [KSC Form 21-136](#) to each O&M organization if more than one is identified. Page 2 of the [KSC Form 21-136](#) identifies the technical data being transmitted. This includes all information required to operate and maintain the transferred facilities and system (e.g., O&M manuals, As-Built drawings, warranty, training documents, cut sheets, shop drawings, etc.).

c. A system is considered acceptable for turnover provided the contractor can demonstrate that all work has been performed in compliance with the drawings, specifications, applicable codes, and regulations.

(1) Final turnover of O&M responsibilities requires that all applicable contract documentation has been submitted, reviewed, and approved, and all final inspection punchlist items have been completed and closed out or adequately dispositioned.

(2) If any of these aspects are not acceptable to the receiving directorate, a memorandum is required to explain the reasons for non-acceptance and shall be forwarded to the originator of the [KSC Form 21-136](#) within 20 working days after receipt of proposed turnover agreement.

(3) If accepted, the [KSC Form 21-136](#) shall also be returned to the originator within 20 working days.

d. Accountability for all controlled personal property will remain with the Supply and Equipment Management Officer (SEMO) until such time as the responsible directorate turns over O&M to the assigned contractor. At that time, the SEMO will transfer accountability to the appropriate contractor.

e. Accountability for real property and collateral equipment shall remain with the KSC RPAO.

APPENDIX A. Definitions

A.1 Access Control - After-hours access to buildings and facilities is strictly controlled by security procedures promulgated by the center Protective Services Office (PSO). Individuals accessing buildings after normal duty hours are required to possess the proper security badge and have the need for access. If security areas exist within the facility or research apparatus, access and notification requirements governed by secure area access procedures.

A.2 Acquisition – Permanent and nonpermanent transfer of right in real property to NASA. Permanent transfer includes facilities, systems, and equipment transferred by purchase, lease, condemnation, gift and transfer from contractor plants, other NASA installations, or other Government agencies. Permanent acquisition is recorded as NASA-owned property in the RPMS. Nonpermanent acquisition is not recorded as NASA-owned property. It has other designations in the RPMS.

A.3 Area Plan – A document providing a graphic record of existing property, buildings, structures, and other improvements that is a subset of a larger Master Plan.

A.4 Collateral Equipment – Includes building-type equipment, built-in equipment, and large substantially affixed equipment normally acquired and installed as a part of a facility project; includes items meeting the GSA definition of “related personal property.” The removal of such equipment would impair the usefulness, safety, or environment of the facility and would involve substantial cost because of the special or unique services required for the initial installation.

A.5 Disposal - The sale, abandonment, destruction, or transfer of surplus property.

A.6 Equipment - In this document, unless otherwise stated, the word, "equipment" means "capital equipment" defined as follows: All items with an acquisition cost of \$500 or more, that have an estimated service life of one year or more, which will not be consumed in an experiment, and which can be identified as an independently operable item; i.e., it need not be integrated into another item in order to be operable.

A.7 Facility - Land, buildings, or other structures, and real property improvements, including utilities and collateral equipment.

A.8 Master Plan - A document providing a narrative, statistical, and graphic record of existing property, buildings, structures, and other improvements. It provides a report on the installation's potential and planned facility development as far into the future as current analysis and program plans will allow. It is designed to ensure the most efficient and economical use of real property resources and will provide a basis for cooperative planning with local communities, regional functions, and other government agencies. In addition, it provides the basic point of reference for review and approval of specific projects as part of the normal budget formulation and execution process.

A.9 Office Space - Areas that have a primary function to provide physical space for desk-type operations.

A.10 Physical Space - All office buildings, storage facilities, trailers, special purpose buildings, launch areas, laboratories, checkout facilities, and all other areas of space owned or controlled by KSC, wherever located.

A.11 Private Office Space - Space with floor-to-ceiling walls and a door.

A.12 Program or Project Manager - As used in this document includes not only managers of specific programs or projects, such as the Space Shuttle Program, but also the institutional programs.

A.13 Public Space - Corridors, lobbies, stairways, elevators, cafeterias, etc.

A.14 Real Property - Land and, generally, whatever is erected upon or affixed to the land providing the items erected upon or affixed to land have an estimated useful life of at least one year and have a cost exceeding \$5,000. The following are considered real property:

(1) Land - Includes all acquired interests in land, e.g., owned, leased, or acquired by permit, but excludes NASA-controlled easements and rights-of-way, which are under leasehold improvements.

(2) Buildings - Includes buildings owned or leased by or on behalf of NASA and improvements to NASA-owned buildings and installed property but excludes leasehold improvements.

(3) Other Structures and Facilities - Includes all structures and facilities and installed property owned or leased by or on behalf of NASA (e.g. storage tanks, gantry cranes, launch pads, blockhouses, service towers, airfield pavements, roads and bridges, railroads, monuments, sidewalks, parking areas, and fences) but excludes leasehold improvements.

(4) Leasehold Improvements - Includes improvements made by or on behalf of NASA to lease land, buildings, other structures and facilities, easements, and rights-of-way.

(5) Collateral Equipment – See Collateral Equipment above.

(6) Relocatable Buildings - Enclosed structures used as working space, shelter, or to store equipment and other personal property, and which are designed to be easily erected, dismantled, moved, and reused. This includes office and house trailers, prefabricated modular structures, and other similar structures.

A.15 Site Approval - The written approval, by memorandum or certificate, of the use of a facility or property which is specific in its authority and which pertains only to that property or facility.

A.16 Space Utilization - Control of physical space, including establishing policies and standards, assignments and releases. This includes control of the location within approved sitings as well as assignment of all trailers.

A.17 Special Purpose Space - Bulk storage areas; general warehousing areas; operational areas; machine shops; schedule rooms; documentation rooms; communication, mechanical, electrical, and air conditioning rooms; computer rooms; control rooms; or other physical space and areas not specifically identified as office, laboratory, or public space.

A.18 Tenant Organizations - All organizations, both civil service and contractor, who report directly to another NASA center, Department of Defense command, or other Government agency, but require space and services in or on KSC-controlled or owned facilities.

A.19 Whole Numbers - Numbers not including an alpha character suffix.

A.20 Wing - A section of a large building, a group of rooms on one side or the other of a center hallway dividing a facility into more than one part such as front and back hallways, or any combination.

APPENDIX B. Acronyms

ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act
AMP	Asset Management Plan
AHJ	Authority Having Jurisdiction
CD	Center Director
DFUM	Directorate Facility Utilization Manager
EO	Executive Order
FM	Facility Manager
FMB	Facility Management Board
FMC	Facility Manager Coordinator
FMP	Facility Management Program
FPM	Facility Program Manager
FUO	Facilities Utilization Officer
FWS	Fish and Wildlife Service
GOV	Government Owned Vehicle
ISC	Institutional Services Contract
KIMC	Kennedy Institutional Management Council
KSC	Kennedy Space Center
KSMC	Kennedy Strategic Management Council
NASA	National Aeronautics and Space Administration
NPD	NASA Policy Directive
NPR	NASA Procedures Requirements
NSRS	NASA Safety Reporting System
O&M	Operations and Maintenance
POV	Privately Owned Vehicle
PSO	Protective Services Office
RPAO	Real Property Accountable Officer
RPMP	Real Property Management Plan
RPMS	Real Property Management System
SEMO	Supply and Equipment Management Officer
UFAS	Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards